Homework Autumn 2022

Rowan Class

Romans

Write a fact file about a Roman God or Goddess. Illustrate your work.

Use a range of historical source materials to find out how the Roman invasion transformed the lives of the Celtic Britons. Use the information gathered to write a short non-chronological report or information poster.

Design and make your own Roman shield



Do some calculations using Roman numerals. See information sheet below. (Can you do your number bonds to 20 using them? Or make calculations to 50.

Learn how to play the Roman game of Jacks



Can you find out some facts about Roman Gloucester?

OR

Find out about Roman roads and how they were built.

Design a new Celtic neckless or broach. Can you make it in card?



Make a model of a Roman villa. Follow the link below for instructions if you need guidance.

Research and produce a short biography / fact file about a Roman Emperor or significant person - Claudius, Julius Caesar, Augustus.

Make a Roman wreath headband



(See link below)

Complete some careful Celtic colouring.

See below

Make a Roman loaf (recipe below) or a tradition Roman recipe. Either photograph your food or bring in to show.

Make your own erupting volcano



(See link below)

Complete 4 activities before the end of October and 4 more before Christmas. Take photographs of the bigger projects and send them to rowan@lea-primary.hereford.sch.uk

Some of these activities we may also do in class.

Useful Websites

Roman villa

Roman http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/handsonhistory/romans.shtml

Make a Roman wreath headband

http://www.ucandostuff.com/Guide-1428-How%20to%20make%20a%20Roman%20Laurel%20%20a%20crown%20of%20leaves.aspx

Make your own erupting volcano

https://www.nhm.ac.uk/discover/how-to-make-a-volcano.html

Recipe - Roman bread

Follow these instructions to make a simple bread roll, similar to the type that Ancient Roman bakers and soldiers would have made.



Ingredients

- 125g strong white flour
- 125g strong wholemeal flour
- ½ teaspoon salt
- 1 sachet dried yeast
- Warm water enough to create a dough

Equipment

- Scales
- Large mixing bowl
- Wooden spoon
- Jug for the water
- Board for kneading the dough
- Palette knife (for scoring the dough)
- Non-stick baking tray
- Clean tea towel or clingfilm to cover the bread
- Oven
- Wooden board for serving

Recipe – Roman bread

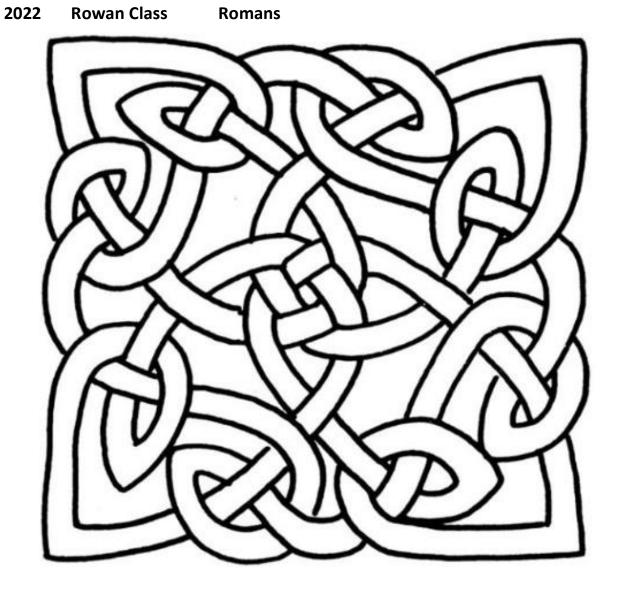
Method

- 1. Place both types of flour, salt and yeast into a bowl and mix.
- Add warm water to form a dough. Add a little water at a time. Use a large wooden spoon to begin mixing and then use your hands once the mixture starts to form a ball of dough.
- Place the dough on a floured board and take turns to knead it until it is smooth and stretchy.
- 4. Form the dough into two small loaves.
- Place the shaped loaves on a baking tray and cover with clingfilm or a slightly damp tea towel. Put the tray in a warm place to rise, such as a chair near a heater – this is called 'proving'. It will take about an hour, but may vary depending on how warm it is.
- Once the loaves have approximately doubled in size, ask an adult to place them in a hot oven (gas mark 7/220°C) for 20–25 minutes to bake.
- Allow the loaves to cool a little and then remove from the tray.
 The bread can be served with grapes, olives and olive oil for dipping to create an Ancient Roman meal.

Did you know? Most Roman bread would have been made into flat, round loaves, but they would also make 'baguette' shapes, often with sections scored along the top, so pieces could be broken off easily. For special occasions they formed them into shapes such as plaits.



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Celtic Colouring. Use this design, design your own or find a different pattern to colour.